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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/527,589	09/22/2005	Steffen Schule	PSEE200020	9122	
	27885 7590 12/08/2009 FAY SHARPE LLP			EXAMINER	
1228 Euclid Av	enue, 5th Floor	SAYALA, CHHAYA D			
The Halle Build Cleveland, OH	_		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1794		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/08/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/527,589	SCHULE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	C. SAYALA	1794
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statudiny reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tiled will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ The 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and. Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	rawn from consideration. /or election requirement.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according to a polician and a polici	ccepted or b) objected to by the le drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/2/2009 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 2, line 3, "high" is of indeterminate scope. In line 4, "substantial" is indefinite unless defined in the specification because what is considered 'substantial' is unascertainable.

Claim 2 recites an animal food additive. It is not clear what the following phrase means: "and such a high swelling capacity that the swelling is carried out to a substantial extent while the food, which does not contain the animal food additive, is still found in the stomach" (emphasis added). If the animal food additive is not in the food, and the claim is drawn to the food additive, it is not clear what this limitation represents.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-2 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by EP 612562.

With regard to claim 1, drawn to a crude fiber concentrate of fibrillated lignocellulose, the EP patent teaches fibrillated lignocellulose. See col. 3, lines 27-28, 53-54, col. 4, lines 20-21 and claim 1. The claim also includes intended use language and a property of the additive, such as limiting food intake during ad libitum feeding, both of which do not lend patentability to an old and known product.

With regard to claims 2 and 11, applicant has chosen to describe his product with more physical properties that the Office does not have the resources to measure with respect to prior art products, and make comparisons therewith, and therefore, that burden is being shifted to applicant to establish that the product is different. Since the EP patent also discloses fibrillated cellulose, then the properties recited in these claims must be inherent.

3. Claims 1-4, 6-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by FR 2627668.

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The FR patent teaches a lignocellulose material that has been compacted to pellets to be used as an animal feed additive. See the two abstracts supplied. Also see the last page of the translation at the first two paragraphs. The patent teaches that after processing the lignocellulose, the final product is a porous fibrous material. See page 1, last full paragraph. Claim 1 limitations of use do not establish patentability of an old and known product because these limitations are directed to intended use. Claims 2 and 11 that recite properties of an old and known product do not distinguish the product because such properties would be inherent to the product.

4. Claims 1-4, 6-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by WO 95/05087.

The WO patent teaches a lignocellulosic fibers whose particle size has been reduced, that can be pelletized and is intended as an animal feed additive. See page 6, lines 25-27, page 7, lines 1-4, page 13, lines 7-10, 25-30, page 14, lines 1-2. The WO patent teaches palletizing lignocellulose fibers. See page 14, lines 21-22. Note that the claims teach the animal feed. Claims 2 and 11 that recite properties of an old and known product do not distinguish the product because such properties would be inherent to the product.

5. Claims 1-4, 7-9, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tyson (US Patent 5705216).

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Tyson teaches a ruminant feed which includes lignocellulose that is in the form of hydrophobic fibers. Figure 1, which is one of the two embodiments of the patent, exemplifies a method which includes a fibrillator which clearly shows that fibrils or fibers were formed. See also col. 3, lines 56-58, col. 5, lines 50-55. Col. 7, lines 15-20 and col. 11, line 63 show compacting. Col. 11, lines 28-35, 40-45 shows fibrillation to produce hydrophobic fibers. Claims 2 and 11 that recite properties of an old and known product do not distinguish the product because such properties would be inherent to the product.

6. Claims 1-4, 7-9, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bender (US Patent 4136207).

Bender is drawn to animal feeds that include lignocellulose that is mechanically compacted (abstract) and col. 4, lines 3+ shows fibrillation. Claims 2 and 11 that recite properties of an old and known product do not distinguish the product because such properties would be inherent to the product.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over FR 2627668 or WO 95/05087 or Tyson or Bender in view of Schroeder et al. (US Patent 4431675) and Markussen et al. (US Patent 4106991).

The primary references teach lignocellulose fibers as animal feed additives but fail to disclose the amounts claimed. Schroeder et al teach cellulose amounts in animal feed at Table 1 as up to 2.5% and Markussen teach finely divided cellulose fibers in an amount 2-40%. To fathom the proper amounts of fiber based on such disclosures would have been prima facie obvious, both of which show amounts that include the range claimed instantly.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to C. Sayala, whose telephone number is (571) 272-1405. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status

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information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/C. SAYALA/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794